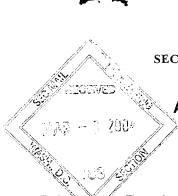
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OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: October 31, 2004
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Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 36654

12/31/03

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

01/01/03

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	AN	ID ENDING	12,51,05
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIFICATI	ON	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: BRILL SECURITIES INC. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
152 WEST 57TH STREET - 169	•	,	
	(No. and Street)		
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	100	19
(City)	(State)	(Zip	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON ROBERT B. BROWN	ON TO CONTACT IN REGAR	2	RT <mark>12–957–5700</mark> ea Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACCOU	NTANT IDENTIFICATI	ON	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	e opinion is contained in this R	Leport*	
GLASSER & HAIMS, CPA, P	.C.		
(Nar	ne – if individual, state last, first, mide	dle name)	
99 WEST HAWIHORNE AVENU	e, VALLEY STR	EAM, N.Y.	11580
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in United S	tates or any of its possessions.	1119	SED
FO	R OFFICIAL USE ONLY	MAR 29 2	004
		THOMSO FINANCI	N

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	ROBERT B. BROWN		, swe	ar (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying finance			
•	BRILL SECURITIES, INC.			
of		, 2003	, are true and correct	. I further swear (or affirm) that
nei	ither the company nor any partner, proprietor,			
cla	ssified solely as that of a customer, except as fo	ollows:	• •	
	NONE			
	MOULOU AO D. DDOMAN		0, -106	
	NICHOLAS B. BROWN		(photo)	sia_
	NOTARY PUBLIC. STATE OF NEW Y	'ORK	Signati	
	COUNTY OF NEW YORK		C, G	
	COUNTY OF NEW YORK	_	Title	
	REGISTRATION NO. 315067022	<u>)</u>	1100	•
	Notary PEXPIRES 3/7	10	Bur	
Th	is report ** contains (check all applicable boxes			
X	(a) Facing Page.			
	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.			
X X	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition	ion		
X	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Eq		' or Sole Proprietors' C	anital
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subora			
	(g) Computation of Net Capital.			
凶凶	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve			
X				
	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate ex			
\Box	Computation for Determination of the Res			
	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and consolidation.	unaudited State	ments of rinancial Con-	attion with respect to methods of
V	(l) An Oath or Affirmation.			
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
	(n) A report describing any material inadequaci	ies found to exis	t or found to have existed	since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS

OF

BRILL SECURITIES, INC.

DECEMBER 31, 2003

--000--

GLASSER & HAIMS, P. C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GLASSER & HAIMS, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 99 WEST HAWTHORNE AVENUE VALLEY STREAM, N.Y. 11580

ALVIN M. GLASSER, C.P.A. IRWIN M. HAIMS, C.P.A.

(516) 568-2700

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Brill Securities, Inc. New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Brill Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2003 and the related statements of income, expenses and retained earnings and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of Brill Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted auditing principles.

Very truly yours,

flane & If armin CPA. I.C.
GLASSER & HAIMS, C.P.A. P.C.

Valley Stream, N.Y.

February 9, 2004

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2003

ASSETS

1.	Cash in bank	\$ 120,713		
2.	Receivables from brokers or dealers A. Clearance accounts B. Other \$ 393,851 120,046	513,897		
4.	Securities owned at market value B. Municipal bonds	40,879		
5.	Securities not readily marketable at estimated face value	241,332		
10.	Furniture and equipment (net)	49,814		
11.	Other assets Security deposit \$ 55,589 Prepaid taxes 10,000 Advances receivable 39,666	105,255		
12.	TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,071,890		
LIABILITIES AND OWNERSHIP EQUITY				
17.	Account payable, accrued liabilities, expenses, and other	\$ 284,756		
20.	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 284,756		
24.	TOTAL OWNERSHIP EQUITY	\$ 787,134		
25.	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERSHIP EQUITY	\$1,071,890		

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF INCOME, EXPENSES AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

REVEN					
	Commissions \$ 5,844	•			
		,775			
8.	Other revenue293	<u>,038</u>			
9.	Total revenue		\$ 7	,073,535	
EXPEN	<u>ises</u>				
10.	Stockholders, officers salaries and				
	employment costs \$ 1,014	•			
	Other employment costs 4,557	•			
		,306			
15.	Other expenses	<u>,819</u>			
16.	Total expenses		7.	,080,125	
	•				
17.	Net loss		\$	(6,590)	
	Retained earnings - January 1, 2003			E00 00F	
	Recallied earlifings - balluary 1, 2003			509,085	
	Retained earnings - December 31, 2003		\$	502,495	

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWNERSHIP EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, TO DECEMBER 31, 2003

Balance - January 1, 2003 Net loss for year		793,724 (6,590)
Balance - December 31, 2003	Ś	787 134

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH POSITIONS

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net loss		\$ (6,590)
Non-cash items included in net gain Depreciation and amortization		4,652
(Increase) decrease in operating assets: Receivables from brokers or dealers Securities owned Other assets	\$ 31,765 (231,411) 28,953	
		(170,693)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities Accounts payable, accrued liabilities,		
expenses and other		64,034
Cash decreased from operating activities		(108,597)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of furniture, equipment and leasehold		(3,259)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalent		(111,856)
Cash - January 1, 2003		232,569
Cash - December 31, 2003		\$ 120,713

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2003

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Security transactions and the recognition of the related income and expenses are recorded on a settlement date basis, which is generally three business days after trade date for securities transactions and one day after trade date for option transactions. At December 31, 2003 adjustments were made to record all trading account profit and losses to the last trade date.

Securities in trading accounts are carried at market value.

The corporation depreciates fixed assets under the income tax method. Depreciation on assets acquired subsequent to 1986, after the write-off allowed under I.R.C. Section 179, is under the straight line method over 7 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over 39 years.

NOTE 2 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY - CAPITAL STOCK

Authorized:

150,000 shs. - common - par value .10 100,000 shs. - preferred - par value .10

Issued:

10,628 shs. - common
Amount paid in over par value

\$ 1,062.80 283,575.92

RETAINED EARNING

Balance - December 31, 2002

502,494.65

\$ 787,133.37

NOTE 3 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The corporation's operations are conducted in leased premises.

The lease at 152 West 57th Street expires December 31, 2006. The rent, exclusive of escalation, for the year ended December 31, 2004 is \$190,216, and \$380,432 for the balance of the lease.

In addition to the premises at 152 West 57th Street, corporation operates from twenty branch offices which are maintained by the account executive who operates in each such office. The corporation maintains that it has no liability for any rent for these offices.

We have been advised of the following action against the Company at this time.

The attorneys have advised us of two arbitrations pending before the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. The arbitrations are based on the activities of one registered representative who is no longer employed by the Company. The matters Crawford v Chambers and Brill Securities, Inc. and Connolly v Brill Securities, Inc. and Chambers. Both cases assert that the Company failed to supervise the registered representative in connection with an investment made by each claimant in a private venture started by the registered representative during his period of employment with the Company, but was not consumated through the Company and of which the Company was without knowledge at the time the investments were consumated. The claimant Crawford is seeking compensatory damages of \$70,789.74 and punitive damages of \$40,000.00. The claimant Connolly is seeking compensatory damages of \$59,389.70 and punitive damages of \$40,000.00. The Company has denied liability and intends to defend the actions.

There is an action for money damages in Superior Court State of New Jersey demanding compensatory damages in the amount of \$485,000.00 and an unspecified amount of punitive damages. The complaint alleges that the plaintiff is suffering from diminished mental capacity resulting in June 2002 to an order of conservatorship and letters of guardianship issued. Eight months prior to this he transferred into Brill an account valued at approximately \$500,000.00, which diminished to \$15,000.00 largely as a result of active trading in technology holdings on margin.

The registered representative, who is named in the case, and who is no longer employed by Brill, has not been served with a summons and complaint. Brill has turned this matter over to their insurance carrier under their 1 million dollar error and ommission policy, which would not cover any punitive damage award.

The attorneys feel that if it proceeds to a jury verdict there is a substantial possibility of a jury award, however since it is in the early stages it is difficult to give a precise evaluation at this time.

There is an action against Brill Securities, Walter Marino and several other parties alleging unauthorized and unsuitable trading in the IRA account of claimant, ROBERT THEOFIELD, during a period in which Mr. Marino was associated with Brill. The claim alleges losses in the amount of \$79,000.00 in the account. The claim alleges that the account was excessively traded and Marino recommended speculative and risky stocks. The customer's new account application listed his investment objective as short term trading. It indicated he was a 67 year old retiree, with an approximate income of \$50,000.00 and a net worth of \$250,000.00.

NOTE 4 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the National Association of Security Dealers, the firm is subject to rule 15c3-1 of the securities and Exchange Commission with specific uniform minimum net capital firm's aggregate indebtedness, as defined, shall not exceed fifteen times net capital, as defined. At December 31, 2003 the firm's net capital ratio was .73 to 1 and its net capital exceeded requirements by \$287,871.00.

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2003

1.	Total ownership equity	\$ 787,134
6.	Deductions	
	A. Non-allowable assets Furniture and equipment \$ 49,814 Other assets Securities	396,401
8.	Net capital before haircuts	\$ 390,733
9.	Haircuts Municipal bonds (7%)	2,862
10.	Net capital	\$ 387,871
COME	PUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL	
11.	Minimum net capital - 6 2/3% of Line 19	\$ 18,993
12.	Basic net capital	\$ 100,000
13.	Net capital requirement	\$ 100,000
14.	Excess net capital	\$ 287,871
15.	Excess net capital @ 1000% -(line 10 less 10% of line 19)	\$ 359,395
COMP	OUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
16.	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 284,756
19.	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 284,756
20.	Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	73%

BRILL SECURITIES, INC. DECEMBER 31, 2003

COMPUTATION OF DIFFERENCE OF NET CAPITAL BETWEEN CORPORATION FOCUS AND AUDITED REPORT

Net capital per corporation's focus	\$ 407,305
Adjustments	
Accrued expenses not on books	19,434
Net capital per audit report	\$ 387,871

BRILLL SECURITIES, INC.

DECEMBER 31, 2003

EXEMPTION PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3

Exemption from rule 15c3-3 is claimed under section k(2)ii.

GLASSER & HAIMS, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS 99 WEST HAWTHORNE AVENUE VALLEY STREAM, N.Y. 11580

ALVIN M. GLASSER, C.P.A. IRWIN M. HAIMS, C.P.A.

(516) 568-2700

February 9, 2004

BOARD OF DIRECTORS BRILL SECURITIES, INC.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of BRILL SECURITIES INC. for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(b). We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examination, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting

principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Security Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

GLASSER & HAIMS, CPA, PC Valley Stream, N.Y. 11580 Marson & Hairi CPA, P.C